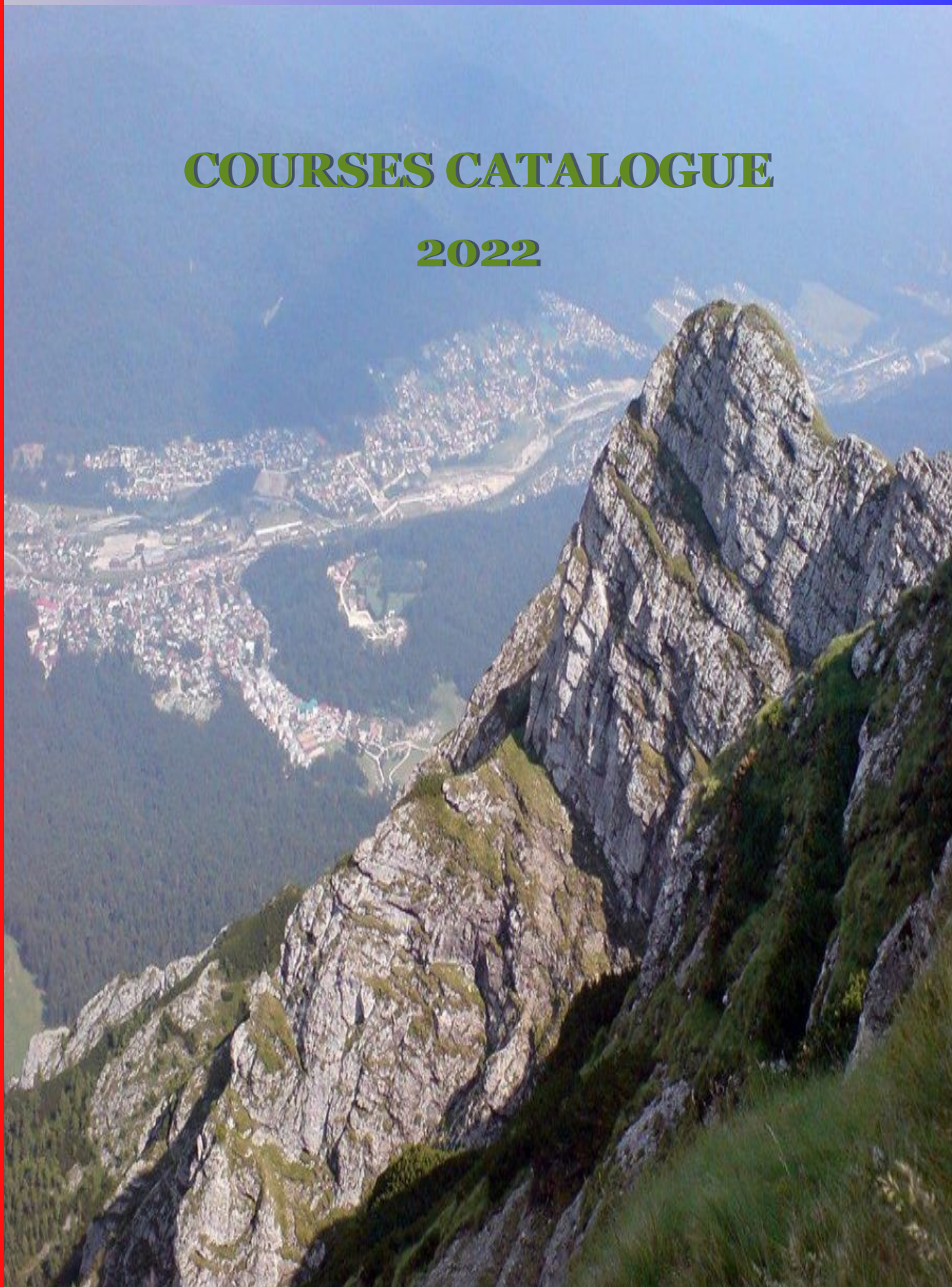
R O M A N I A

MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

General Directorate for Human Resources Manageme

COURSES CATALOGUE

2022



DIRECȚIA GENERALĂ MANAGEMENT RESURSE UMANE

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General Information

In the actual international security and defense context, education and training is to be considered, more than ever, as an important tool for creating a common understanding of the principals, values and relevance of interoperability concept for forces that act together under the auspices of the international security organizations.

Being fully aware of this idea, Romanian Ministry of National Defense offers its partners the opportunity to educate and train military and civilian personnel of their armed forces through courses organized in the Romanian military education and training facilities.

To choose the right course for the right person is not an easy task, as the large amount of information in this area is not always well structured and accessible at the moment when those who are interested need it.

That is why we present you the **Courses Catalogue 2022**, a book that provides general information on the Romanian military education and training facilities, the courses for international students and some administrative details about those.

In order to send students to the courses presented in the catalog, please send us your request, via diplomatic channels, until ***01st April 2021,*** by filling in the **REQUEST FOR QUOTAS FORM.**

All courses are conducted in English, except "**Actual Issues of National Security Course",** organized by National Defence College, which is conducted in Romanian Language.

The confirmation of courses and quotas is done through the negotiation process of the bilateral cooperation programs between Romanian and our partner Armed Forces.

The information regarding nominees for agreed courses must be included in the **APLICATION FORM** which must be submitted to the General Directorate for Human Resources Management, via diplomatic channels, not later than the deadlines provided by the bilateral agreements, or within 45 days before the course starts.

For further information or suggestions regarding the content of this catalog, please do not hesitate to contact us at e-mail addresses **international_dmru@mapn.ro** or the points of contact for each course.

REQUEST FOR QUOTAS

Course name
_____

Period
_____

Number of quotas requested _____ _____

Pre-course linguistic training requests (if necessary) yes/no

Table format (if there are more than 2 courses requested per country)

Name of educational institution	Course title	Period	Number of quotas requested	Pre-course linguistic training (yes/ no)

Date **Signature*** **Appointment**

***Name, signature and stamp of an authorized representative of the nation**

APLICATION FORM

Course name:

Education/training institution:

Course period:

Nominee's personal data:

Surname (as in the passport)		**First name (as in the passport)**			
Second Name		**Date and place of birth**			
Country of origin		**Passport Number**		**Issued on**	
Issued by		**Valid until**			
Nationality		**Title (Ms./Mr./Mrs.)**			
Marital status (Married, Single, Widower, Divorced)		**Address in the country of origin**			
Phone number		**E-mail address**			

Rank and date of promo-tion		**Service and branch**	
Current Position			
Security Clearance (level)			

Military/civilian education

Education institution/Diploma	Graduation year

Foreign language proficiency

Language	SLP according to STANAG 6001 (Standardized Language Profile)			
Romanian				
English				
Other				

Operational experience			
Name of operation/exercise	**Place of operation/exercise**	**Duty assign-ment**	**Period**

Administrative details

Arrival in Romania			
	(date, time, flight)		
Departure from Romania			
	(date, time, flight)		
Food restrictions			

The information in this form will be used only by the military educational institutions.

ROMANIA IN BRIEF

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

OFFICIAL NAME

Romania

OFFICIAL LANGUAGE

Romanian

NATIONAL FLAG Three equal vertical stripes, next to the staff blue, yellow and red.

NATIONAL DAY

The 1st of December (anniversary of the 1918 Union of all Romanians into one single state).

STATE ANTHEM (SINCE 1990)

"Awake, The Romanian", lyrics Andrei Muresanu, music Anton Pann.

NATIONAL COAT-OF-ARMS (SINCE 1992)

An eagle holding a cross in its beak and a sword and a scepter in its claws as well as the symbols of the historical provinces, Wallachia, Moldavia, Transylvania, Banat and Dobrudja.

CAPITAL CITY

Bucharest is the capital city and also the largest one in Romania. It is the sixth largest city in the EU.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT AND LOCATION

Romania is a unitary semi-presidential republic located in Southeastern Europe, bordering the Black Sea, between Bulgaria and Ukraine. It also borders Hungary, Serbia, and Moldova.

SURFACE AND CLIMATE

Romania covers 238,391 square kilometres (92,043 sq mi) and has a temperate-continental climate.

POPULATION

With its 19.94 million inhabitants, it is the seventh most populous member state of the European Union. Ethnicity: romanians (89,5%), hungarians (including szeklers) 6,6%, roma (gypsies) 2,5%, others 1,4%.

RELIGION

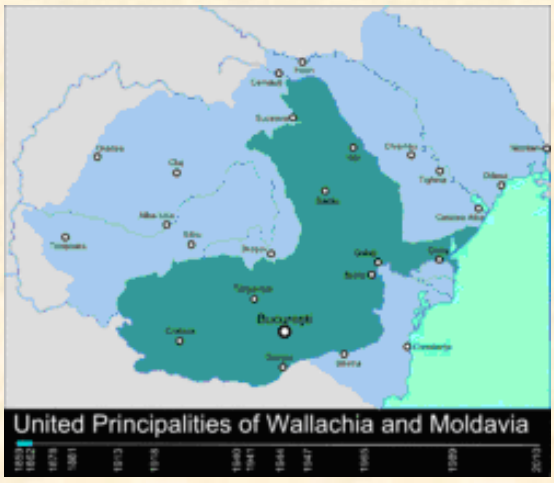
There is no state religion in Romania. Around 90% of the population identify themselves as Eastern Orthodox Christians while the others are Protestants, Greek or Roman Catholics, Muslims and Jews.

2. HISTORY

The human remains found in Pestera cu Oase ("The Cave with Bones"), radiocarbon dated as being from circa 40,000 years ago, represent the oldest known Homo sapiens in Europe. The Neolithic-Age Cucuteni area in northeastern Romania was the western region of the earliest European civilization, known as the Cucuteni-Trypillian culture. Also the earliest known salt works in the world is at Poiana Slatinei, near the village of Lunca in Romania; it was first used in the early Neolithic, around 6050 BC, by the Starčevo culture, and later by the Cucuteni-Trypillian culture in the Pre-Cucuteni period. Evidence from this and other sites indicates that the Cucuteni-Trypillian culture extracted salt from salt-laden spring water through the process of briquetage.

Prior to the Roman conquest of Dacia, the territories between Danube and Dniester rivers were inhabited by various Thracian peoples, including the Dacians and the Getae. Herodotus, in his work "Histories", notes the religious difference between the Getae and other Thracians, however, according to Strabo, the Dacians and the Getae spoke the same language. Dio Cassius draws attention to the cultural similarities between the two people. There is a scholarly dispute whether the Dacians and the Getae were the same people.

Roman incursions under Emperor Trajan between 101–102 AD and 105–106 AD resulted in half of the Dacian kingdom becoming a province of the Roman Empire called "Dacia Felix". The Roman rule lasted for 165 years. During this period the province was fully integrated in the Roman Empire, and a sizeable part of the population were newcomers from other provinces. The Roman colonists introduced the Latin language. According to followers of the continuity theory, the intense Romanization gave birth to the Proto-Romanian language. The province was rich of ore deposits (especially gold and silver in places like Alburnus Maior). Roman troops pulled out of Dacia around 271 AD. The territory was later invaded by various migrating peoples. Burebista, Decebalus and Trajan are considered the Romanians' forefathers in Romanian historiography.


United Principalities of Wallachia and Moldavia

In the Middle Ages, Romanians lived in three Romanian principalities: Wallachia (Romanian: Țara Românească – "The Romanian Land"), Moldavia (Romanian: Moldova) and in Transylvania.

The existence of independent Romanian voivodeships in Transylvania as early as the 9th century is mentioned in Gesta Hungarorum, but by the 11th century, Transylvania had become a largely autonomous part of the Kingdom of Hungary. In the other parts, many small local states with varying degrees of independence developed, but only under Basarab I and Bogdan I the larger principalities of Wallachia and Moldavia would emerge in the 14th century to fight the threat of the Ottoman Empire.

By 1541, as with the entire Balkan peninsula and most of Hungary, Moldavia, Wallachia, and Transylvania were under Ottoman suzerainty, preserving partial or full internal autonomy until the mid-19th century (Transylvania until 1711). In 1600, all three principalities were ruled simultaneously by the Wallachian prince Michael the Brave (Mihai Viteazul), who was considered, later on, the precursor of modern Romania and became a point of reference for nationalists, as well as a catalyst for achieving a single Romanian state.

During the period of the Austro-Hungarian rule in Transylvania and of Ottoman suzerainty over Wallachia and Moldavia, most Romanians were given few rights in a territory where they formed the majority of the population. Nationalistic themes became principal during the Wallachian uprising of 1821, and

the 1848 revolutions in Wallachia and Moldavia. The flag adopted for Wallachia by the revolutionaries was a blue-yellow-red horizontal tricolour (with blue above, in line with the meaning "Liberty, Justice, Fraternity"), while Romanian students in Paris hailed the new government with the same flag "as a symbol of union between Moldavians and Wallachians". The same flag, with the tricolour being mounted vertically, would later be officially adopted as the national flag of Romania.

After the failed 1848 revolutions not all the Great Powers supported the Romanians' expressed desire to officially unite in a single state. But in the aftermath of the Crimean War, the electors in both Moldavia and Wallachia voted in 1859 for the same leader, Alexandru Ioan Cuza, as Domnitor ("ruling prince" in Romanian), and the two principalities became a personal union formally under the suzerainty of the Ottoman Empire. Following a coup d'état in 1866, Cuza was exiled and replaced with Prince Carol I of Romania of the House of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen. During the 1877–1878 Russo-Turkish War Romania fought on the Russian side, and in the aftermath, it was recognized as an independent state both by the Ottoman Empire and the Great Powers by the Treaty of San Stefano and the Treaty of Berlin. The new Kingdom of Romania underwent a period of stability and progress until 1914, and also acquired Southern Dobruja from Bulgaria after the Second Balkan War.

Romania remained neutral for the first two years of World War I. Following the secret Treaty of Bucharest, according to which Romania would acquire territories with a majority of Romanian population from Austria-Hungary, it joined the Entente Powers and declared war on 27 August 1916. After initial advances the Romanian military campaign quickly turned disastrous for Romania as the Central Powers occupied two-thirds of the country within months, before reaching a stalemate in 1917. Total military and civilian losses from 1916 to 1918, within contemporary borders, were estimated at 748,000. After the war, the transfer of Bucovina from Austria was acknowledged by the 1919 Treaty of Saint Germain of Banat and Transylvania from Hungary by the 1920 Treaty of Trianon, and of Basarabia from Russian rule by the 1920 Treaty of Paris.

The following interwar period is referred as Greater Romania, as the country achieved its greatest territorial extent at that time (almost 300,000 km2 or 120,000 sq mi). The application of radical agricultural reforms and the passing of a new constitution created a democratic framework and allowed for quick economic growth. With oil production of 7.2 million tons in 1937, Romania ranked second in Europe and seventh in the world and was Europe's second-largest food producer. However, the early 1930s were marked by social unrest, high unemployment, and strikes, as there were over 25 separate governments throughout the decade. On several occasions in the last few years before World War II, the democratic parties were squeezed between conflicts with the fascist and chauvinistic Iron Guard and the authoritarian tendencies of king Carol II.

During World War II, Romania tried again to remain neutral, but on 28 June 1940, it received a Soviet ultimatum with an implied threat of invasion in the event of non-compliance. Again foreign powers created heavy pressure on Romania, by means of the Soviet-Nazi Ribbentrop-Molotov Pact of non-aggression from 23 August 1939. As a result of it the Romanian government and the army were forced to retreat from Basarabia as well as from northern Bucovina in order to avoid war with the Soviet Union. The king was compelled to abdicate and appointed general Ion Antonescu as the new Prime-Minister with full powers in ruling the state by royal decree. Romania was prompted to join the Axis military campaign. Thereafter, southern Dobruja was ceded to Bulgaria, while Hungary received Northern Transylvania as result of an Axis powers' arbitration. Romanian contribution to Operation Barbarossa was enormous, with the Romanian Army of over 1.2 million men in the summer of 1944, fighting in numbers second only to Nazi Germany. Romania was the main source of oil for the Third Reich, and thus became the target of intense bombing by the Allies. Growing discontent among the population eventually peaked in August 1944 with King Michael's Coup, and the country switched sides to join the Allies. It is estimated that the coup shortened the war by as much as six months. Even though the Romanian Army had suffered 170,000 casualties after switching sides, Romania's role in the defeat of Nazi Germany was not recognized by the Paris Peace Conference of 1947, as the Soviet Union annexed Bessarabia and other territories corresponding roughly to present-day Republic of Moldova.

Romania was placed in the influence sphere of the Soviet Union and was to remain in this situation

for over four decades. The political parties were practically broken up and the political power was exerted only by the Communist Party and by its allies led from Moscow. The king Michael had to abdicate and to exile in December 1947. A popular republic replaced the monarchy. The totalitarian Communist dictatorship was set up under the guidance of Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej, the general secretary of the party. The factories, the banks, the enterprises in general, the estates, as well as a big part of the houses were nationalized, while the peasantry was obliged to accept the collectivization. In parallel with the social-economic transformations, also mirrored by the intensive development of industry, mainly the heavy one, the entire country was submitted to a repressive campaign. This repression was materialized by hundreds of thousand of arrests, whose victims were the opponents of the new regime, as well as the former landlords, the former ministers since 1919, "the bourgeois", the wealthy peasantry etc. This repressive campaign was extremely tough till Stalin's death and was obviously led by Moscow. Nevertheless, it ended, in its mass dimensions, only in the year 1964, a moment when the Communist Romanian Party proclaimed an independence position, it did not acknowledge any leading centre of the international Communist movement any more.

In 1965, Nicolae Ceausescu came to power and started to conduct the foreign policy more independently from the Soviet Union. Thus, communist Romania was the only Warsaw Pact country who refused

to participate at the Soviet-led 1968 invasion of Czechoslovakia; it was also the only communist state to maintain diplomatic relations with Israel after the 1967 Six-Day War and established diplomatic relations with West Germany the same year. At the same time, close ties with the Arab countries (and the PLO) allowed Romania to play a key role in the Israel–Egypt and Israel–PLO peace talks. As Romania's foreign debt sharply increased between 1977 and 1981, Ceausescu initiated a policy of total reimbursement of the foreign debt by imposing austerity steps that impoverished the population and exhausted the economy. At the same time, Ceausescu greatly extended the authority of the Securitate secret police and imposed a severe cult of personality, which led to a dramatic decrease in the dictator's popularity and culminated in his overthrow and execution, together with his wife, in the violent Romanian Revolution of December 1989.

After the Cold War Romania developed closer ties with Western Europe and the United States, joining NATO in 2004, and hosting the 2008 summit in Bucharest. The country applied in June 1993 for membership in the European Union and became a full member on 1 January 2007.

For the first time in its history, Romania hold the Presidency of the Council of the European Union, starting with January 2019, until June the same year.

3. GEOGRAFY

Topographic map of Romania

With an area of 238,391 square kilometres (92,043 sq mi), Romania is the largest country in Southeastern Europe and the twelfth-largest in Europe. It lies between latitudes 43° and49° N, and longitudes 20° and 30° E. The terrain is distributed roughly equally between mountains, hills and plains.

The Carpathian Mountains dominate the centre of Romania, with 14 mountain ranges reaching above 2,000 m or 6,600 ft, and the highest point at Moldoveanu Peak (2,544 m or 8,346 ft). They are surrounded by the Moldavian and Transylvanian plateaus and Carpathian Basin and Wallachian plains.

The River Danube, which is Europe's second longest river after the Volga, rises in Germany and flows southeastwards for a distance of 2,857 km course through ten countries before emptying in Romania's Danube Delta, the second largest and best preserved delta in Europe, and also a biosphere reserve and a biodiversity World Heritage Site. Some of the Danube 1,075 km length bordering the country drains the whole of it.

Owing to its distance from open sea and position on the Southeastern portion of the European continent, Romania has a climate that is temperate and continental, with four distinct seasons. The average annual temperature is 11 °C (52 °F) in the south and 8 °C (46 °F) in the north. In summer, average maximum temperatures in Bucharest rise to 28 °C (82 °F), and temperatures over 35 °C (95 °F) are fairly common in the lower-lying areas of the country. In winter, the average maximum temperature is below 2 °C (36 °F). Precipitation is average, with over 750 mm (30 in) per year only on the highest western mountains, while around Bucharest it drops to around 600 mm (24 in).

A high percentage (47% of the land area) of the country is covered with natural and semi-natural ecosystems. Romania has one of the largest areas of undisturbed forest in Europe covering almost 27% of the territory. The fauna consists of 33,792 species of animals, 33,085 invertebrate and 707 vertebrate, with

The Danube Delta

Romanian brown bear

amost 400 unique species of mammals, birds, reptiles and amphibians, including about 50% of Europe's (excluding Russia) brown bears and 20% of its wolves. Some 3,700 plant species have been identified in the country, from which to date 23 have been declared natural monuments, 74 missing, 39 endangered, 171 vulnerable and 1,253 rare. There are almost 10,000 km2 (3,900 sq mi) (about 5% of the total area) of protected areas in Romania covering 13 national parks and three biosphere reserves. The Danube Delta, at 5,800 km2 (2,200 sq mi), is the largest continuous marshland in Europe, and supports 1,688 different plant species alone.

4. GOVERNANCE

The Constitution of Romania is based on the Constitution of France's Fifth Republic and was approved in a national referendum on 8 December 1991, and amended in October 2003 to bring it into conformity with the EU legislation. The country is governed on the basis of multi-party democratic system and of the segregation of the legislative, executive and judicial powers. It is a semi-presidential republic where executive functions are held by both government and the president. The latter is elected by popular vote for a maximum of two terms of five years and appoints the prime minister, who in turn appoints the Council of Ministers. The legislative branch of the government, collectively known as the Parliament (residing at the Palace of the Parliament), consists of two chambers (Senate and Chamber of Deputies) whose members are elected every four years by simple plurality.

The justice system is independent of the other branches of government, and is made up of a hierarchical system of courts culminating in the High Court of Cassation and Justice, which is the supreme court of Romania. There are also courts of appeal, county courts and local courts. The Romanian judicial system is strongly influenced by the French model, considering that it is based on civil law and is inquisitorial in nature. The Constitutional Court (Curtea Constitutională) is responsible for judging the compliance of laws

Palace of the Parliament of Romania is the second largest building in the world after The Pentagon

and other state regulations to the constitution, which is the fundamental law of the country and can only be amended through a public referendum. The 2007 entry into the EU has been a significant influence on its domestic policy, and including judicial reforms, increased judicial cooperation with other member states, and measures to combat corruption.

5. FOREIGN RELATIONS

Since December 1989, Romania has pursued a policy of strengthening relations with the West in general, more specifically with the United States and the European Union. It joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) on 29 March 2004, the European Union (EU) on 1 January 2007, while it had joined the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank in 1972, and is a founding member of the World Trade Organization.

Romania is also commited to strengthen its ties with and helping other countries (in particular Moldova, Ukraine and Georgia) with the process of integration with the rest of the West. Romania has also made clear since the late 1990s that it supports NATO and EU membership for the democratic former Soviet republics in Eastern Europe and the Caucasus. Because it has a large Hungarian minority, Romania has also developed strong relations with Hungary.

In December 2005, President Traian Băsescu and United States Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice signed an agreement that would allow a U.S. military presence at several Romanian facilities primarily in the eastern part of the country. In May 2009, Hillary Clinton, US Secretary of State, declared that "Romania is one of the most trustworthy and respectable partners of the USA."

Relations with Moldova are a special case, considering that the two countries share the same language and a common history. In the last decade relations between the two countries have improved considerably.

6. MILITARY

The Romanian Armed Forces consist of Land, Air, and Naval Forces, and are led by a Commander-in-chief under the supervision of the Ministry of National Defense, and by the president as the Supreme Commander during wartime.

Since its membership in the Alliance, Romania took part in operations in the Western Balkans, in Irak (Antica Babilonia and Iraqi Freedom), Afghanistan (Enduring Freedom and Resolute Support Mission) and in North Africa.

The highest troop engagement effort in operations abroad for the Romanian Armed Forces is in Afghanistan. Currently, Romania is the 4th troop contributing nation over the NATO Resolute Support Mission (RSM).

As part of NATO's efforts to build a continental missile shield, in December 2011, the Romanian Senate unanimously adopted the draft law ratifying the Romania - United States agreement signed in September of the same year that would allow the establishment and operation of a US land-based ballistic missile defence system in Romania.

In the framework of NATO's Tailored Forward Presence and Enhanced Forward Presence, Romania hosts the Headquarters of the Multinational Division Southeast (MND-SE HQ), the Headquarters of the Multinational Brigade Southeast (MND-SE HQ), a multinational NATO Force Integration Unit (NFIU) and recently the Headquarters of the Multinational Corp Southeast (MNC-SE HQ).

7. ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

Romania is divided into 41 counties and the municipality of Bucharest. Each county is administered by a county council, responsible for local affairs, as well as a prefect responsible for the administration of national affairs at the county level. The prefect is appointed by the central government but cannot be a member of any political party. Each county is further subdivided into cities and communes, which have their own mayor and local council. There are a total of 319 cities and 2,686 communes in Romania. A total of 103 of the larger cities have municipality statuses, which gives them greater administrative power over local affairs. The municipality of Bucharest is a special case as it enjoys a status on par to that of a county. It is further divided into six sectors and has a prefect, a general mayor, and a general city council.

8. INFRASTRUCTURE

The total road network was estimated in 2009 at 81,713 kilometers (50,774 mi) (excluding urban areas), out of which 66,632 km (41,403 mi) was paved roads. Transport is provided by land, air and sea. There are six main motorways, six bypass motorways, a railway network (the fourth-largest in Europe) and one underground railway system in Bucharest. Also, there are sixteen international commercial airports in service today with five of them (Henri Coandă International Airport, Aurel Vlaicu International Airport, Timisoara International Airport, Constanta International Airport and Sibiu International Airport) being capable of handling wide-body aircraft and a see port in Constanta.

9. TOURISM

Romania is popular for its summer and winter attractions such as: Black Sea Resorts, skiing resorts along the Valea Prahovei, Poiana Brasov, Castles in Transylvanian cities such as Sibiu, Brasov, and Sighisoara. Rural tourism, focusing on folklore and traditions, has become an important alternative, and is targeted to promote such sites as Bran and its Dracula's Castle, the Painted churches of Northern Moldavia, and the Wooden churches of Maramures. Other attractions include Danube Delta and Sculptural Ensemble of Constantin Brâncusi at Târgu Jiu.

10. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Bran Castle near Brasov, sometimes advertised as "Dracula's Castle", is a popular attraction for tourists

Historically, Romanian researchers and inventors have made notable contributions to several fields. In the history of flight, Traian Vuia made the first airplane to take off on its own power and Aurel Vlaicu built and flew some of the earliest successful aircraft, while Henri Coandă discovered the Coandă effect of fluidics. Victor Babes discovered more than 50 types of bacteria; biologist Nicolae Paulescu discovered insulin, while Emil Palade, received the Nobel Prize for his contributions to cell biology. Lazăr Edeleanu was the first chemist to synthesize amphetamine, while Costin Nenitescu developed numerous new classes of compounds in organic chemistry. Notable mathematicians include Spiru Haret, Grigore Moisil, and Ştefan Odobleja; physicists and inventors: Şerban Titeica, Alexandru Proca and Stefan Procopiu.

The nuclear physics facility of the European Union's proposed Extreme Light Infrastructure (ELI) laser will be built in Romania. In early 2012, Romania launched its first satellite from the Centre Spatial Guyanais in French Guyana. Starting December 2014, Romania is a co-owner of the International Space Station.

11. EDUCATION

Romanian education is divided into two levels: pre-university (undergraduate education) and higher education. The education system is the same nation wide and highly centralized.

Higher education has been reorganized to be in accordance with the principles of the Bologna process, which aims to build European Area of Higher Education.

Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Babes-Bolyai University of Cluj-Napoca, University of Bucharest and West University of Timisoara have been included in the QS World University Rankings' top 800.

12. CULTURE AND SPORTS

University of Bucharest was opened in 1864

Mihai Eminescu is considered the greatest and most influential Romanian poet, particularly for the poem Luceafărul. In the 20th century, Romanian artists reached international acclaim, including Tristan Tzara, Marcel Janco, Mircea Eliade, Nicolae Grigorescu, Marin Preda, Liviu Rebreanu, Eugène Ionesco, Emil Cioran, and Constantin Brâncuși. The latter has a sculptural ensemble in Târgu Jiu, while his sculpture Bird in Space, was auctioned in 2005 for $27.5 million. Romanian-born Holocaust survivor Elie Wiesel received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1986, while writer Herta Müller received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2009.

In cinema, several movies of the Romanian New Wave have achieved international acclaim. At the Cannes Film Festival, 4 Months, 3 Weeks and 2 Days by Cristian Mungiu won Palme d'Or in 2007. At the Berlin International Film Festival, Child's Pose by Călin Peter Netzer won the Golden Bear in 2013.

The annual George Enescu Festival is held in Bucharest in honor of the 20th century emponymous composer. Musicians like Angela Gheorghiu, Gheorghe Zamfir, Inna, Alexandra Stan and many others have achieved various levels of international acclaim. At the Eurovision Song Contest Romanian singers have achieved third place in 2005 and 2010.

Romanian Athenaeum

The list of World Heritage Sites includes six cultural sites located within Romania, including eight Painted churches of northern Moldavia, eight Wooden Churches of Maramures, seven Villages with fortified churches in Transylvania, the Horezu Monastery, and the Historic Centre of Sighioara. The city of Sibiu, with its Brukenthal National Museum, was selected as the 2007 European Capital of Culture. Multiple castles exist in Romania, including popular tourist attractions of Peleș Castle, Corvin Castle, and "Dracula's Castle".

Holidays, traditions and cuisine

There are 12 non-working public holidays, including the Great Union Day, celebrated on 1 December in commemoration of the 1918 union of Transylvania with Romania. Winter holidays include the Christmas festivities and the New Year during which, various unique folklore dances and games are common: *pluguşorul*, *sorcova*, *ursul*, and *capra*.

The traditional Romanian dress that otherwise has largely fell out of use during the 20th century, is a popular ceremonial vestment worn on these festivities, especially in the rural areas. Sacrifices of live pigs during Christmas and lambs during Easter has required a special derogation from EU law after 2007. During Easter, painted eggs are very common, while on 1 March features *mărtişor* gifting, a tradition likely of Thracian origin.

Romanian cuisine shares some similarities with other Balkan cuisines such as Greek, Bulgarian and Turkish cuisine. *Ciorbă* includes a wide range of sour soups, while *mititei*, *mămăligă* (similar to polenta), and *sarmale* are featured commonly in main courses. Pork, chicken and beef are the preferred meats, but lamb and fish are also popular. Certain traditional recipes are made in direct connection with the holidays: *chiftele*, *tobă* and *tochitura* at Christmas; *drob*, *pască* and *cozonac* at Easter and other Romanian holidays. *Țuică* is a strong plum brandy reaching a 70% alcohol content which is the country's traditional alcoholic beverage, taking as much as 75% of the national production (Romania is one of the largest plum producers in the world). Traditional alcoholic beverages also include wine, *rachiu*, *palincă* and *vişinată*, but beer consumption has increased dramatically over the recent years.

Folkloric dance group wearing Romanian traditional costumes from Oltenia region

Sports

The most popular sport in Romania, with over 234,000 registered players as of 2010, is football. The governing body is the Romanian Football Federation, which belongs to UEFA.

Among the successful players include Gheorghe Hagi, who was nicknamed "the Maradona of the Carpathians", Gheorghe Popescu, Adrian Mutu, Cristian Chivu or Dan Petrescu.

Tennis is the second most popular sport, with over 15,000 registered players. Romania reached the Davis Cup finals three times (1969, 1971, 1972). The tennis player Ilie Năstase won several Grand Slam titles, and was the first player to be ranked as number 1 by ATP between 1973 and 1974. At the beginning of 2019, Simona Halep was ranked number 1 WTA.

Other popular team sport clubs are rugby union and handball. The rugby national team has competed in every Rugby World Cup, while both the men's and women's handball national teams are multiples world champions.

Romania participated in the Olympic Games for the first time in 1900 and has taken part in 18 of the 24 summer games, Nadia Comăneci becoming the first gymnast ever to score a perfect ten in an Olympic event at the 1976 Summer Olympics.

The traditional Romanian sporting game is oină, similar to baseball that has been continuously practiced since at least the 14th century.

ROMANIAN MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING INSTITUTIONS AND COURSES

"CAROL the 1st" National Defense University

The National Defense University has continued the tradition of the High Staff College, founded in 1889, representing the sixth staff college in Europe, in line with those in Berlin, Vienna, Paris, Turin and Brussels. Its task has been the post-graduate training of commanders, staff officers and experts within the military, civilian and political fields, who are to be appointed in leading and expertise positions in the defense and national security domains, to organize and carry out scientific studies and research, necessary for the concerned structures in those domains.

The institution has functioned under different names, such as:

- *High Staff College founded on August 8, 1889, at Peles Castle, in Sinaia when King Carol 1st signed the High Royal Order no 2073;*
- *Military Academy based on the Grand National Assembly Decree no 1803 of August 29, 1948;*
- Academy for High Military Studies based on the Decision of the Romanian Government no 305 of April 23, 1991;
- National Defense University the new name adopted by the Government Decision no 1027 on August 14, 2003
- "LABOR IMPROBUS OMNIA VINCIT" – STEADY WORK SURPASSES HARDSHIPS has been the motto of over 18.000 staff officers trained here. Irrespective of the period of time when they have studied in this establishment, the officers' training emphasized the spirit of honor, respect towards the fundamental values of the country and facilitated the acquisition of remarkable professional skills. This "acquisition" has been possible by means of both military discipline, and by the relationship between students, on the one hand, who eventually became reliable military personalities, such as Generals Ion Sichitiu, Alexandru Averescu, Constantin Prezan, Florea Tenescu, Paul Teodorescu, Alexandru Pastia, Ion Antonescu, Ilie Stefea, etc., and their mentors, on the other hand: Simion Mehedinti, Constantin Radulescu-Motru, Nicolae Iorga, Victor Slavescu, Gheorghe I. Bratianu, Grigore Caracostea, Bogdan P. Hasdeu, etc. Since 1998, the National Defense University has been a member of Syndicate of NATO-Member Countries Academies. Yearly, The National Defense University hosts sessions, concerning the national security and defense, with the participation of national and international educational institutions, governmental and non-governmental bodies and many trading companies. Since 1992, National Defense University through its educational departments and colleges such as: National Defence College, Regional Department for Crisis Management and Multinational Operations, Regional Department for Defence Resources Management Studies and Foreign Languages Center trained students from over 16 NATO or partner countries. Being constantly up-to-date with the latest developments in similar institutions in NATO-member or partner countries, The National Defense University meets the challenges of the future military conflict framework, the transformations within the current Romanian society and the Romanian Armed Forces, as well.

The Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies (DRESMARA) from Brasov is an educational institution financed and supervised by the Ministry of National Defense under the direct authority of the commandant (rector) of the National Defense University (NDU).

DRESMARA is officially acknowledged by NATO as one of its 29 international Partnership Training and Education Centers - PTECs. In collaboration with the Defense Resources Management Institute of Monterey, California, USA, the Regional Center of Defense Resources Management (CRMRA) was established through Romania's Government Decision no. 466/10.06.1999. The founding and later development of the Regional Center of Defense Resources Management was a strategic investment aiming at aligning Romanian standards to NATO's by achieving educational compatibility with Alliance's member states.

In March 2004 the Romanian Ministry of Defense signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the US Department of Defense according to which CRMRA alongside with the Information Resources Management College/National Defense University of Washington D.C., USA, developed an educational program aiming at training and certifying Romanian, NATO and PfP officers commissioned as Chief Information Officers (CIO). The program was considered an important one and serving both parties' aims and objectives.

The Regional Center of Defense Resources Management changed its name to the Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies (DRESMARA) through Romania's Government Decision no. 583/03.05.2006.

On 11 February 2011, the Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies signed a Technical Agreement with NATO School from Oberammergau, Germany regarding Advanced Distributed Learning.

In 2011 DRESMARA received the accreditation letter for five of its courses as "***NATO SELECTED***" which are included in the NATO ***Education and Training Opportunities Catalogue (ETOC)*** and in the ***Partnership Real-time Information, Management and Exchange System (ePRIME).***

From 6 to 9 June 2011, DRESMARA hosted the 2nd PTEC working group meeting, which was attended by 28 representatives from 17 countries. The activity, organized under the auspices of the NATO School of Oberammergau, Germany, was attended by 18 accredited or candidate Training and Education Centers, as well as by the representative of the NATO Headquarters from Brussels.

Starting with the 2011-2012 academic year, the Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies organizes the Master's Program "Organization Resources Management" that can be attended by graduates holding a bachelor's degree (BA or BSc).

During the last academic years DRESMARA hosted important international seminars on the following domains: "Defense Human Resource Management", "NATO Security Investment Program", "Financial Resources Management in NATO", "NATO Defense Planning Process", "Defense Information Resources Management", and "Military Ethics, Leadership and Professional Development".

In 2015 DRESMARA received the Quality Assurance Accreditation Certificate from the Supreme Allied Commander Transformation as a recognition for the high level of Romanian educational system.

National Defence College

Actual Issues of National Security Course

17 January - 01 July 2022

AIM

The course is designed for military and civilian specialists with high level management positions in order to better understand the theory and practice of national and international security management.

CONTENT

1. Security and strategic studies;
2. Geopolitics and geo-strategy;
3. Leadership and strategic communication;
4. National security policies;
5. Crisis management negotiation and conflict studies in International Relations;
6. Foundation of military science.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. Have a Bachelor Degree or higher.
2. Romanian language proficiency level 2.2.2.2. similar to NATO STANAG 6001.
3. Rank of Colonel or above, or the civilian equivalent.
4. Holds or is going to be appointed on a high level leadership position in the national security system.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 240 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is conducted in Romanian language.
2. Most class activity will take place between 08.00 and 14.00 hours.
3. Course includes study trips and working visits.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
5. Class attendance is mandatory.
6. For additional details please read the information on our website.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.21.319.57.63/0040.21.319.48.83*
E-MAIL: *cna@unap.ro*
WEBSITE: *www.cnap.unap.ro*

Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Advanced Joint Operations Staff Officer Course (AJOSOC)

07 February - 29 April 2022

AIM

To train participants for command and staff appointments in a joint and multinational environment.

CONTENT

1. Contemporary Security Environment;
2. The Army Corps (basic info);
3. NATO& EU Crisis Management;
4. Strategic Environment;
5. Component Studies: Maritime, Air, Land and Logistics;
6. Decision Making & Operational Planning Process;
7. Operational Art;
8. Operational Design;
9. Study trip to Multinational and national HQs;
10. Joint Capstone Exercise.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-3 to OF-5, or the civilian equivalents.

FEES

Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 Euro.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.21.319.58.84*

E-MAIL: *cmcom@unap.ro* ***WEBSITE:*** *www.unap.ro/ro/unitati/cmcom/cmcom/index.htm*

Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Brigade Staff Officer Course (BSOC—ACT 624)

10 October - 16 December 2022

AIM

To train selected staff officers in NATO compatible approach to command, staff, operational and logistic procedures up to Brigade level.

CONTENT

1. The fundamentals of land forces doctrine;
2. Command & staff procedures;
3. Land tactical operations (offensive operations, defensive operations, stability and enabling activities);
4. Combat and Combat Service Support;
5. Non-Article 5 Crisis Response Operations;
6. English language military terminology.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-2 to OF-3.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

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Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

NATO Staff Officer Orientation Course (NSOOC—ACT 622)

06 June - 17 June 2022

AIM

To familiarize selected personnel with NATO organization and staff procedures in order to enable them to work in a NATO Headquarters.

CONTENT

1. NATO Strategic Concept, Civil and military structure, Policies and Doctrines;
2. NATO's relationship with other international organizations;
3. NATO Crises Management;
4. NATO Command and Staff Procedures;
5. NATO Force and Operational Planning.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-5, NCOs from OR-7 to OR-9, or the civilian equivalent.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

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E-MAIL: *cmcom@unap.ro* ***WEBSITE:*** *www.unap.ro/ro/unitati/cmcom/cmcom/index.htm*

Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Security, Stability, Transition and Post-Conflict Reconstruction Operations Course (SSTROC—ACT 623)

07 - 11 November 2022

AIM

To give selected military and civilian personnel, an understanding of the concepts, planning and conduct of SSTR operations in order to enable them to work within NATO or multinational Headquarters during stabilization operations.

CONTENT

1. Conflict and international system;
2. Legitimate Governance;
3. Principles and Framework of SSTR Ops;
4. Crisis Management;
5. The Multinational & Inter-agency Dimension of SSTR;
6. SSTR Case Study & Final Exercise.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-4, or the civilian equivalent.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. No security clearance required.
4. Class attendance is mandatory. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
5. In order to participate in our courses, please read, Applications (How to Apply) section on our website. Application form must be completed with ALL required information.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.21.319.58.84*

E-MAIL: *cmcom@unap.ro* ***WEBSITE:*** *www.unap.ro/ro/unitati/cmcom/cmcom/index.htm*

Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Crisis Management Course (CMC—ACT 621)

24 January - 04 February 2022

AIM

To train professionals for serving in the broad area of crisis management and interacting with national and international agencies involved in crisis management.

CONTENT

1. Crisis management in NATO;
2. Crisis management in EU & OSCE & UN;
3. NATO Structure & Organization;
4. NATO Non-Article 5 CRO;
5. Role of media in Crisis Management;
6. Crisis Management Exercise.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-5, or the civilian equivalent.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.21.319.58.84*

E-MAIL: *cmcom@unap.ro* ***WEBSITE:*** *www.unap.ro/ro/*

Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Comprehensive Operations Planning Course (COPC)

11 April - 21 April 2022

AIM

To train officers in applying the NATO compatible operational planning procedures, in order to be able to assume NATO appointments at the operational level.

CONTENT

1. NATO Structure & Organization;
2. NATO Non-Article 5 Crisis Response Operations (CRO);
3. Comprehensive Operations Planning Directive;
4. Operational Planning Exercise.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-4, or the civilian equivalent.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

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Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Peace Support Operations Course (PSOC—ACT 625)

26 September - 07 October 2022

AIM

To give selected officers and civilians an understanding of concepts, planning and conduct of peace support operations (PSO) and to familiarize with current staff procedures in order to enable them to work within a NATO led multinational Headquarters.

CONTENT

1. Current security environment;
2. NATO PSO Doctrine;
3. Functions and responsibilities of the staff;
5. Planning for PSO;
6. Mediation and Negotiation;
7. Role of Media in PSO;
8. Capstone Exercise.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-4, NCOs from OR-7 to OR-9, or the civilian equivalent.

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of Defense pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

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Crisis Management and Multinational Operations Department

Civil-Military Cooperation (CIMIC) Course

07 - 11 March 2022

AIM

To provide a thorough understanding of the definition, aim, components, principal tasks, functions and organization of CIMIC.

CONTENT

1. Doctrinal aspects;
2. Understanding of operational environment (OE) -CIMIC perspective;
3. Civil dimension in operations;
4. CIMIC capabilities;
5. CIMIC Liaison activities;
6. CIMIC in planning and execution stage;
7. CIMIC projects;
8. Practical CIMIC exercises.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Officers from OF-1 to OF-4, NCOs from OR-7 to OR-9, or the civilian

FEES

The Romanian Ministry of Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
Without bilateral agreements or NATO financial support the sending party will pay for:
- tuition fee: 100 EUR/week;
- accommodation: 5 EUR/day inside the NDU facilities;
- admin fee: 25 EUR/week.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open ONLY to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and Partners across the globe member countries.
2. Nominated students should arrive at the university not later than 07.30 hours in the first day of the course.
3. Class attendance is mandatory.
4. No security clearance required.
5. Service uniform (or equivalent for civilians) during working hours and combat uniform are required for certain activities.
6. Application is to be done by filling in and sending the Application Form via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.

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Regional Department of Defence Resources Management Studies

Postgraduate Defence Resources Management Course for Senior Officials (ACT 678)

18 April - 10 June 2022; 26 September - 18 November 2022

AIM

To provide Romanian and foreign senior defence officials, military and civilian, with a new set of skills in order to improve their managerial performance by critically analyzing and applying concepts related to efficient and effective allocation of resources: human, financial, informational, logistic.

CONTENT

1. Defence Resources Management;
2. Decision Making Theory;
3. Human Resources Management;
4. Information Resources Management;
5. Financial and Economical Management;
6. Logistic Management;
7. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: Staff Officers from OF-4 to OF-5, or the civilian equivalent, from any service, serving in any functional field concerned with resource allocation and use, including the broad spectrum of operations, logistics, manpower, procurement, financial management and related areas;
3. Bachelor Degree.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 1280 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can also ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager/ Partnership Directorate (PD)/SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as “NATO APPROVED”. Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.268.40.18.00/0040.26.840.18.02*
E-MAIL: *caesarv@crmra.ro, dflorescu@crmra.ro*
WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies

Planning, Programming and Budgeting Defense Resources Postgraduate Course (ACT 676)

04 April - 29 April 2022; 21 November - 16 December 2022

AIM

To improve the knowledge and skills of participants by acquiring and putting in practice the concepts and techniques specific to PPBDR, in order to facilitate the harmonization and integration of national defence planning activities as to complement the NATO Defence Planning Process .

CONTENT

1. Defence planning;
2. Budgeting systems;
3. Planning, Programming and Budgeting Defence Resources (PPBDR);
4. Major programs management;
5. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Officers and civilian governments officials with PPBES APPROVED responsibilities;
3. Bachelor Degree.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 640 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can also ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager/ Partnership Directorate (PD)/SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as “NATO APPROVED”. Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

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WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

Regional Department of Defence Resources Management Studies

Program and Project Management Postgraduate Course (ACT 677)

04 April - 29 April 2022; 21 November - 16 December 2022

AIM

To improve the knowledge and skills of military and civilian students, by examining the concepts, techniques, and analysis tools regarding the constraints (time, costs, resources, quality standards, etc.) specific to program and project management, by understanding grantsmanship prerequisites at Romanian/ international/NATO level and by putting the theory into practice through software solutions.

CONTENT

1. Project and Program Management;
2. Project Management Software;
3. The Management of Romanian and International Financed Projects;
4. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 Level 2.2.2.2/equivalent;
2. Rank: officers and civilian government officials, serving in program and project management domain, defence resources allocation from any service ;
3. Bachelor Degree.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 640 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can also ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager/ Partnership Directorate (PD)/SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as “NATO APPROVED”. Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

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E-MAIL: *caesarv@crmra.ro, dflorescu@crmra.ro*
WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

Regional Department of Defence Resources Management Studies

Information Security Management Postgraduate Course (ACT 675)

10 January - 04 February 2022; 16 May - 10 June 2022

AIM

To improve the knowledge and skills of Romanian and/or foreign practitioners, both military and civilian, by examining and putting in practice the concepts, techniques, and analysis tools regarding the constraints (resources, quality standards, deadline, etc.) specific to information security management.

CONTENT

1. Assuring the Information Security;
2. Critical Information Infrastructure Protection;
3. Enterprise Computer Networking and Telecommunications Security;
4. Enterprise Information Security Strategies and Risk Management;
5. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. Rank: officers and civilian personnel, serving in any functional field concerned with information security management.
3. Bachelor Degree.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 640 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager/ Partnership Directorate (PD)/SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as “NATO APPROVED”. Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.268.40.18.00/0040.26.840.18.02*
E-MAIL: *caesarv@crmra.ro, dflorescu@crmra.ro*
WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

Regional Department of Defense Resources Management Studies

Postgraduate Information Resources Management Course for Senior Officials (ACT 679)

26 September - 18 November 2022

AIM

To develop and improve military or civilian leaders' skills in successfully running their organizations in Information Age, by using the latest information resources management techniques and strategies. To provide the means and skills for making improved policy and business decisions when acquiring, managing and using information resources to improve mission and program performance.

CONTENT

1. Policy and Fundamental Principles of Information Resources Management;
2. Re-engineering of Informational Processes;
3. Business Process Re-engineering;
4. Enterprise Architectures;
5. Strategic Planning of Information Resources;
6. Measuring Organizational Performance;
7. IT Project Management;
8. Information Assurance;
9. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 Level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. Rank: Staff Officer or Civilian of equivalent grades OF-4 to OF-5 from any service with responsibilities in the fields of defence, public order and national security that carry on managerial activities and have responsibilities in information resources management field.
3. Bachelor Degree.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 1280 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager/ Partnership Directorate (PD)/SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as "NATO APPROVED". Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

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WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

Regional Department of Defence Resources Management Studies

Postgraduate Defence Resources Management Course for Experts (ACT 715)

07 February - 01 April 2022

AIM

To approach defence management concepts in terms of financial, material (logistics), human resources management systems, and management information systems. To emphasize the comparative evaluation of various systems of resources management from different countries.

CONTENT

1. Defence Resources Management;
2. Decision Making Theory;
3. Human Resources Management;
4. Information Resources Management;
5. Financial and Economical Management;
6. Logistic Management;
7. English Terminology for Management and Managerial Communication.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. Rank: Staff Officer or Civilian of equivalent grades OF-3 personnel from any service, serving in any functional field concerned with resource allocation and use, including operations, logistics, human resources, procurement, financial management, and related fields, as well as program managers, planners, engineers, evaluators, and system analysts.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements or NATO finance support the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 1280 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 25 EUR/day/person at DRESMARA hotel;
 - meals: around 25 EUR/day (breakfast and lunch can be served inside the military base);
 - domestic transportation from and to airport: 20 EUR/day/person;
 - course fee (group photo, badge, booklet): 30 EUR.
3. Partner countries can also ask for subsidization from NATO via SAP Manager and SAP Fund Manager / Partnership Directorate (PD) / SHAPE.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, EAPC, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The course is listed in ePRIME/ETOC as “NATO APPROVED”. Requests for quotas should be sent via diplomatic channels, no later than 45 days before the course starts.
3. Military uniform is required while attending classes. For some activities the dress code could be business casual (coat and tie or equivalents). In order to have the graduation certificate issued, at the beginning of the course, participants must submit legally notarized translations in English or Romanian Language of the bachelor degree diploma, birth certificate, marriage certificate (if the current name differs from the one in the birth certificate).

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WEBSITE: *www.dresmara.ro*

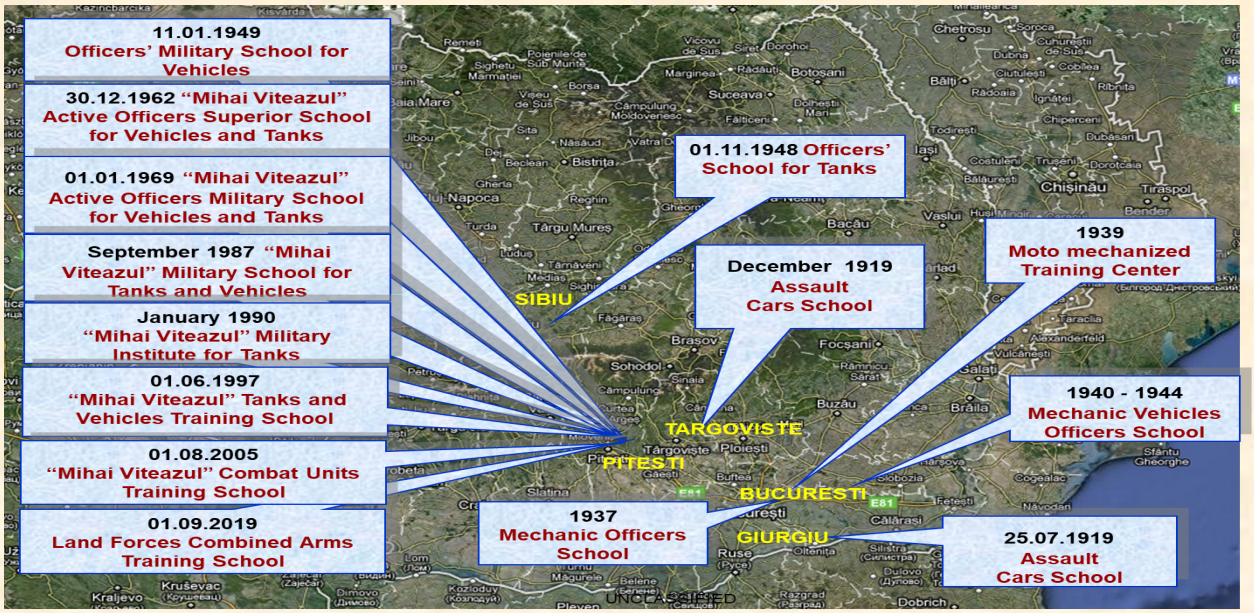
LAND FORCES COMBINED ARMS TRAINING SCHOOL "MIHAI VITEAZUL", Piteşti

LAND FORCES COMBINED ARMS TRAINING SCHOOL "MIHAI VITEAZUL", Piteşti

On July 25th 1919 the Assault Carts School – predecessor of our institution and the first of its own – was founded in Giurgiu City. During the time suffers few redeployments and transformations until November the 1st 1949, when, finally the school is settled in this site. After this final journey, the school underwent several successive transformation stages.

In September 1987 the school merged with NCO and WO Military School "Basarab the 1st". The instructional curriculum consisted of 3 year training (for commissioned officers and warrant officers) and 2 year training (for non commissioned officers) in both tanks and vehicles branches.

In 1990 the school turned into a tank branch military college and trained CO on a 4 year period, WO on a 3 year period and NCO on a 2 year period.



On June 1st 1997 the institution was renamed „Mihai Viteazul" Tanks and Vehicles Training School.

On August 1st 2005 the school turned into the Combat Units Training School „Mihai Viteazul".

On 1st of September 2008 took under its subordination the Special Operations Training Center.

On September 1st 2019 the school turned into the present Land Forces Combined Arms Training School and took under its

Land Forces Combined Arms Training School provides combat and support branches qualification, basic training for recently commissioned officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and volunteers, ongoing training and continuous improvement throughout the entire career of combat and support branches personnel, as well as arms branch development, field manuals improvement and specific regulations for the following branches: Armour, Transportation, Infantry, Military Police, Mountain Troops, Reconnaissance and Paratroopers, ISR, Artillery, Air Defense Artillery, EOD, Engineering and CBRN Defence.

"Bucegi" Mountain Troops Training Center, Predeal

Initiation in Climbing Course

02– 13 May 2022

AIM

To initiated the necessary skills and abilities in order to carry out specific required activities by the combat actions executed in mountains.

CONTENT

Rock climbing training.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. Rank: COs, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches, physically well trained, in a good medical condition, recommended by the unit commander.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 31 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 85 EUR/person/course;
 - meals: around 10 EUR/day (breakfast, lunch and dinner);
 - internal transportation from and to airport: 89 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The normal schedule for the classes is between 8:00 am and 02:10 pm (50 min/class).
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *0040.268.45.65.48/0040.268.45.65.49*
E-MAIL: *cpvm@forter.ro*
WEBSITE: www.cpvm.forter.ro

"Bucegi" Mountain Troops Training Center, Predeal

Climbing Instructors Course

14 June – 01 July 2022

AIM

To develop students skills and abilities necessary to organize and conduct rock climbing sessions at team, platoon and company level.

CONTENT

1. Rock climbing techniques;
2. Organizing and conducting rock climbing sessions;
3. First aid.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. COs, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches, physically well trained, good medical condition, who graduated an initial climbing training course, recommended by the unit commander.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 61 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 125 EUR/person/course;
 - meals: around 10 EUR/day (breakfast, lunch and dinner);
 - internal transportation from and to airport: 89 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The normal schedule for the classes is between 8:00 am and 02:10 pm (50 min/class).
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.

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"Bucegi" Mountain Troops Training Center, Predeal

Initiation in Ski Course

10 - 21 January 2022

AIM

To develop the necessary skills and abilities in order to carry out specific required activities by the combat actions executed in forested mountain and alpine areas in wintertime.

CONTENT

Ski training.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. COs, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches, physically well trained, in a good medical condition, recommended by the unit commander.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 71 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 85 EUR/person/course;
 - meals: around 10 EUR/day (breakfast, lunch and dinner);
 - internal transportation from and to airport: 89 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The normal schedule for the classes is between 8:00 am and 02:10 pm (50 min/class).
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

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WEBSITE: www.cpvm.forter.ro

"Bucegi" Mountain Troops Training Center, Predeal

Search and Rescue in Mountain Area Course

17 January - 28 February 2022 (winter stage)
16-27 May 2022 (summer stage)

AIM

To develop students skills and abilities necessary for first aid techniques during climbing and ski sessions, marching in mountains areas, search and rescue procedures, medical evacuation techniques - summer and winter time.

CONTENT

1. Factors of mountain environment and their influences on human body;
2. Types of wounds and disasters;
3. First aid;
4. Search, rescue and medical evacuation techniques.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 52 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 170 EUR/person/course;
 - meals: around 10 EUR/day (breakfast, lunch and dinner);
 - internal transportation from and to airport: 178 EUR/pers.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. COs, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches, physically well trained, in a good medical condition, who graduated an initial climbing and ski training courses, recommended by the unit commander.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The normal schedule for the classes is between 8:00 am and 02:10 pm (50 min/class).
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

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WEBSITE: www.cpvm.forter.ro

"Bucegi" Mountain Troops Training Center, Predeal

Ski Instructor Course

14 February - 04 March 2022

AIM

To develop students skills and abilities necessary to organize and conduct ski training sessions at team, platoon and company level.

CONTENT

1. Marching on skies;
2. Ski training techniques;
3. Organizing and conducting ski sessions;
4. First aid.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. COs, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches, physically well trained, in a good medical condition, who graduated an initial ski training course, recommended by the unit commander.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 121 EUR/person;
 - accommodation: 133 EUR/person/course;
 - meals: around 10 EUR/day (breakfast, lunch and dinner);
 - internal transportation from and to airport: 89 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and PaG member countries.
2. The normal schedule for the classes is between 8:00 am and 02:10 pm (50 min/class).
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

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WEBSITE: www.cpvm.forter.ro

General "Grigore Baştan" ISR, Airborne and JTAC Training Center, Buzău

On the 1st of July 1986, the first dedicated Training and Development Course, designed for both officers and non-commissioned officers, took place within "Băneasa-Otopeni" 60th Paratrooper Regiment in Buzău.

On November 30th, 1990, the Paratrooper Training and Development Center was established, also in Buzău.

In 1997, the Paratrooper Training and Development Center was reorganized and transformed into the Paratrooper Training School "General-maior Grigore Baştan".

On the 1st of August, 2005 the school was reorganized and renamed Special Operations Forces Training School, consisting of 3 training centers (special operations forces, military intelligence, and reconnaissance & airborne) and a training battalion. Three years later, on the September 1st, 2008, the school was, once again, reorganized and named Special Forces Training Center "General-maior Grigore Baştan".

Since December 2016 the name of the center has been changed into ISR, Airborne, Special Operations and JTAC Training Center "Major general Grigore BAŞTAN".

The center's mission is to improve the educational management performances, necessary to specialize and increase military personnel's skills in order to be able to accomplish their specific functions.

The desired end state consist of shaping military personnel capable to perform specific missions during peace time, crisis and war time, at home and abroad, within national or multinational environment, individual or joint missions.

Training and education is grouped on three cells, one for every airborne, reconnaissance and special operations branches, all of them providing the required training for professional evolution and specialization.

Airborne cell trains Romanian operators from all national security and defense agencies as well international partners personnel on airborne skills such as mass parachuting static line jumps, HALO, HAHO, night infiltration skills and jump master or planning, organizing, and conducting airborne operations.

RECCE cell trains officers and NCOs from all Land Forces RECCE structures in the field of military intelligence and RECCE operations.

Special Operations cell trains Romanian officers and NCOs and international partners' personnel in a wide range of military actions beginning with planning, organizing, and conducting special operations in the field.

Additionally, the center is dealing with the selection and pre-deployment training of designated SOF squads and individuals assigned to be deployed in operations abroad as well as Joint Terminal Attack Controller (JTAC) training, in close cooperation and under control of Air Force Training School.

General "Grigore Baştan" ISR, Airborne and JTAC Training Center, Buzău

Winter Survival Course

10 January – 28 January 2022

AIM

To train selected ranks in putting into practice the necessary techniques for surviving in isolation, protecting themselves and helping each other, improvising shelters, moving through different types of terrain.

CONTENT

1. TTPs of organizing and developing survival skills during fulfilling specific missions;
2. Techniques for moving under cover, field orientation with or without specific devices;
3. Methods and means of surviving in the field in isolation conditions;
4. Methods and means of surviving in the field in different weather conditions and on pre-set routes;
5. Techniques for first aid and preventing illness;
6. Ways of using proper or damaged techniques for their own protection and survival;
7. Psychological and physical skills for surviving in isolation;
8. Ways of protecting themselves without causing any damage to the environment.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. Officers, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches;
2. English language proficiency level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
3. Good health and physically fit.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 680 EUR/course/pers.;
 - accommodation: 12 EUR/week;
 - meals: around 8 EUR/day (at the mess hall);
 - transportation from and to airport: around 80 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and EU countries.
2. The normal training last for 08 to 10 hours daily
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Combat uniform, or battle dress uniform according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *(004) 0238 427106 ext 313;*
cell phone (004) 0763667107

General "Grigore Baştan" ISR, Airborne and JTAC Training Center, Buzău

Summer Survival Course

14 June – 01 July 2022

AIM

To train selected ranks in putting into practice the necessary techniques for surviving in isolation, protecting themselves and helping each other, improvising shelters, moving through different types of terrain.

CONTENT

1. TTPs of organizing and developing survival skills during fulfilling specific missions;
2. Techniques for moving under cover, field orientation with or without specific devices;
3. Methods and means of surviving in the field in isolation conditions;
4. Methods and means of surviving in the field in different weather conditions and on different routes;
5. Techniques for first aid and preventing illness;
6. Ways of using proper or damaged techniques for their own protection and survival;
7. Psychological and physical skills for surviving in isolation;
8. Ways of protecting themselves without causing any damage to the environment.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. Officers, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches;
2. English language proficiency level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
3. Good health and physically fit.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 680 EUR/course/pers.;
 - accommodation: 12 EUR/week;
 - meals: around 8 EUR/day (at the mess hall);
 - transportation from and to airport: around 80 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and EU countries.
2. The normal training lasts for 08 to 10 hours daily.
3. Class attendance is mandatory. Combat uniform,or battle dress uniform according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes.
4. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

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cell phone (004) 0763667107

General "Grigore Baştan" ISR, Airborne and JTAC Training Center, Buzău

Static Line Parachuting Qualification Course

02 May - 10 June 2022

AIM

To prepare students in basic parachuting training required to infiltrate using static line techniques; the course will fully prepare students to successfully complete a minimum of five static line jumps.

CONTENT

1. Basic airborne techniques and training;
2. Responsibilities and functions of key personnel;
3. Individual combat equipment jump loads;
4. Procedures in drop zones;
5. Airborne qualification (5 jumps).

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. Officers, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches
2. English language proficiency level 2.2.2.2./ equivalent;
3. Good health and physically fit.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 937 EUR/course/pers.;
 - accommodation: 12 EUR/week;
 - meals: around 8 EUR/day (at the mess hall);
 - transportation from and to airport: around 80 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and EU countries.
2. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, will be used while attending class.
3. Nominated students should arrive at the institution not later than 20.00 hours of the previous day of the program.

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *(004) 0238 427106 ext 349*

General "Grigore Baştan" ISR, Airborne and JTAC Training Center, Buzău

Survival, Evasion, Resistance, and Escape Course

26 September - 14 October 2022

AIM

To provide training selected military personnel in evading capture, survival skills, and the military code of conduct.

CONTENT

1. Basic survival skills (shelter, food and water procurement);
2. Rules regarding search and rescue;
3. Military code of conduct;
4. Resistance in captivity (practical exercise).

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. Officers, NCOs and professional soldiers, from all branches;
2. English language proficiency level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
3. Good health and physically fit.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 348 EUR/course/pers.;
 - accommodation: 12 EUR/week;
 - meals: around 8 EUR/day (at the mess hall);

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and EU countries.
2. Class attendance is mandatory. Battle dress uniform, according to the season, will be used while at-

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *(004) 0238 427106 ext 313;*
cell phone (004) 0763667107

"Panait Donici" Engineering, and EOD Training Center, Râmnicu Vâlcea

Established in Bucharest on April 7th 1881, by High Royal Decree of King Carol I, the first School for Artillery and Engineering, the present "Panait Donici" Engineer Training Center which today functions in Râmnicu Vâlcea, represented the source which gave the Romanian Army great commanders and branch specialists, who proved professional training through their achievements, but also great personalities of the Romanian contemporary life, both cultural, political and administrative.

After many reorganizations and redeployments imposed by the changing necessities of the Army and the branches whose training it assured, in 1976, the School moved at Râmnicu Vâlcea, being named The School of Active Duty Officers for Engineer, Constructions and Railways.

In 1990, the School was named after the first engineer battalion commander of the Romanian Armed Forces, "Panait Donici". The first reorganization of the military educational system after 1989 transforms the School into "Panait Donici" Military Institute for Engineer, Constructions and Railways, in recognition of the high educational level performed here.

As a consequence of the second transformation of the military educational system in 1997, the Institute was transformed by order of the Ministry of Defence into "Panait Donici" Application School for Engineer Constructions and Railways, at the same location in our town.

In 2002, the School was reorganized by order of the Chief of the General Staff into "Panait Donici" Application School for Engineering and Railways.

On August 1st 2005, by order of the Ministry of Defence, "Panait Donici" Application School for Engineering Constructions and Railways, was transformed into "Panait Donici" Engineer Training Center and subordinated to "General Eremia Grigorescu" Application School for Combat Support Units, located in Sibiu. As an important component of the military educational system, the Center has today as main tasks the initial branch training and afterwards specialization achieved by career courses for officers and NCOs, and training engineer troops as well.

The work of experienced teachers and instructors, each of them with sound professional and scientific background, the training assets and facilities and the wish of success systematically inoculated to the whole personnel have led to the achievement of the proposed objectives, such as: increasing the Army readiness, branch modernization and NATO standards fulfillment.

During all this time, among engineer officers, a lot of personalities imprinted themselves into the conscience of the Romanian people, filling leading positions at the highest level, both military and governmental or cultural and scientific: one prime minister, a marshal, defense ministers, of internal affairs or public affairs, General Staff Chiefs, members of the Romanian Academy and other academies and scientific societies/ organizations.

In 2008, after the re-organization of the Romanian armed forces, military personnel is trained on engineering, EOD and NBC defense in the same united center, in Râmnicu Vâlcea.

"Panait Donici" Engineering, and EOD Training Center, Râmnicu Vâlcea

EOD Basic Course

04 April – 08 July 2022

AIM

To develop professional knowledge and skills of the Romanian and international officers, NCOs and WOs in order to use procedures and modern equipment for resolve EOD incidents (conventional ammunition, CBRN and incendiary), based on NATO standards.

CONTENT

1. Ammunitions (artillery, engineer, aviation, navy, NBC);
2. Equipment and materials for EOD;
3. EOD procedures.

SELECTION CRITERIA

1. English language proficiency NATO STANAG 6001 level 2.2.2.2./equivalent;
2. Rank from 1st Lieutenant to Captain, and from Sergeant to Staff Sergeant and WOs;
3. Engineer/EOD branch.

FEES

1. The Romanian Ministry of National Defence pays for tuition, accommodations, meals, and international transportations according to the provisions of bilateral agreements.
2. Without bilateral agreements the sending party will pay for:
 - tuition fee: 120 EUR/course/pers.;
 - accommodation: 360 EUR/course;
 - meals: around 910 EUR/course;
 - transportation from and to airport: around 100 EUR/pers.

OTHER REMARKS

1. The course is open to NATO, PfP, MD, ICI and EU countries.
2. Combat uniform, according to the season, and sports equipment will be used while attending classes. Military uniform is required for: military events, military ID, official group photo, opening and closing ceremonies.
3. Participants must submit at the beginning of the course, their security clearance certificate – Restricted level.
4. Participants have to be familiarized with Ordnance Disposal personnel", STANAG 2282 MC EOD (edition 1) – Ratification Draft 1 – "Interservice EOD Operations on Multinational Deployments" -ATP 72, STANAG 2143 EOD (edition 5)– "Explosive Ordnance Reconnaissance/Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOR/EOD)", STANAG 2377 EOD (edition 2 – "EOD roles, responsibilities, capabilities and incident procedures when operating with non EOD trained agencies and personnel".

For further details do not hesitate to contact us at:

TELEPHONE/FAX: *(004) 0250 739 601 ext. 0182*
Fax: (004) 0250 735 673
E-MAIL: *sagcf_vl@yahoo.com*
WEBSITE: *www.cpge.ro*

Human Resources Management General Directorate

Drumul Taberei Street
No. 7B
Bucharest
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